

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

428 J Street • Suite 620 • Sacramento, CA 95814-2329 (916) 322-5660 • Fax (916) 322-0886

October 7, 2009

Stephen Kautz Ironstone Vineyards

REDACTED

RE: FPPC No. 08/519; Stephen Kautz

Dear Mr. Kautz:

The Fair Political Practices Commission ("Commission") enforces the provisions of the Political Reform Act (the "Act") found in Government Code Section 81000, and following. As you are aware, the Commission received a complaint against you alleging that you violated conflict of interest provisions of the Act. These allegations referred to Ironstone Vineyard's contract with the 39th District Agricultural Association (DAA) for the services of a parking crew to work at Ironstone Vineyards, the decision to lay off DAA maintenance staff, and the events surrounding the cancellation of the 2003 Forth of July event at the DAA site.

Under the Act, no public official at any level of state or local government may make, participate in making, or in any way use or attempt to use his or her official position to influence a governmental decision in which the official knows or has reason to know he or she has a disqualifying conflict of interest. (Section 87100.) To determine whether an individual has a disqualifying conflict of interest, the Commission generally employs the following sequenced analysis: (1) is the individual a public official; (2) did the official make, participate in making, or use or attempt to use the official position to influence a governmental decision; (3) what are the official's economic interests, (4) are the official's economic interests directly or indirectly involved in the governmental decision; (5) what is the applicable materiality standard for each economic interest involved; and (6) is it reasonably foreseeable that the governmental decision will have a material financial effect on the official's economic interest. (See Regulation 18700.)

Under Section 87100, a conflict of interest exists when you, as a public official, make, participate in making, or attempt to use your official position to influence a governmental decision in which you know or have reason to know you have a "financial"

¹ The additional two steps of the analysis - whether the public generally exception applies and whether the individual is legally required to participate in the governmental decision - are inapplicable to this matter.

interest." You have a "financial interest" in a decision, within the meaning of Section 87100, if it is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will have a material financial effect, distinguishable from its effect on the public generally, on you, a member of your immediate family, or, among other things, on any business entity in which you have an investment interest valued at \$2,000 or more, any real property in which you have an investment interest valued at \$2,000 or more, or on any source of income aggregating \$500 or more which you received within 12 months of the decision. (Section 87103, subdivision (a), (b) and (c).)

The decisions that we examined included the parking services contract, the maintenance staff lay offs, and the cancellation of the 2003 4th of July event. Our investigation found insufficient evidence that, acting in your capacity as Board President of the DAA, you participated in the approval of the parking agreement or used your position to influence the decision. The decision to lay off maintenance staff does not appear to create a reasonably foreseeable financial effect on your economic interests and thus, no conflict of interest under the Act. Investigation into the Forth of July event cancellation has revealed that this was not a DAA event, but was sponsored by Mark Twain St. Joseph's hospital and held at the fairgrounds. The hospital cancelled the event, and no governmental decision was involved. The Commission has completed a review of the forgoing allegations and closed this case without finding a violation.

The Commission publishes forms and manuals to facilitate compliance with the provisions of the Act, so if you need forms or manuals, or guidance regarding your obligations, please call the Commission's Technical Assistance Division at 1-866-275-3772. Please also visit our website at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

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Zachary W. Norton Commission Counsel Enforcement Division